Sustainablility

Sustainable DESIGN solution



Topics

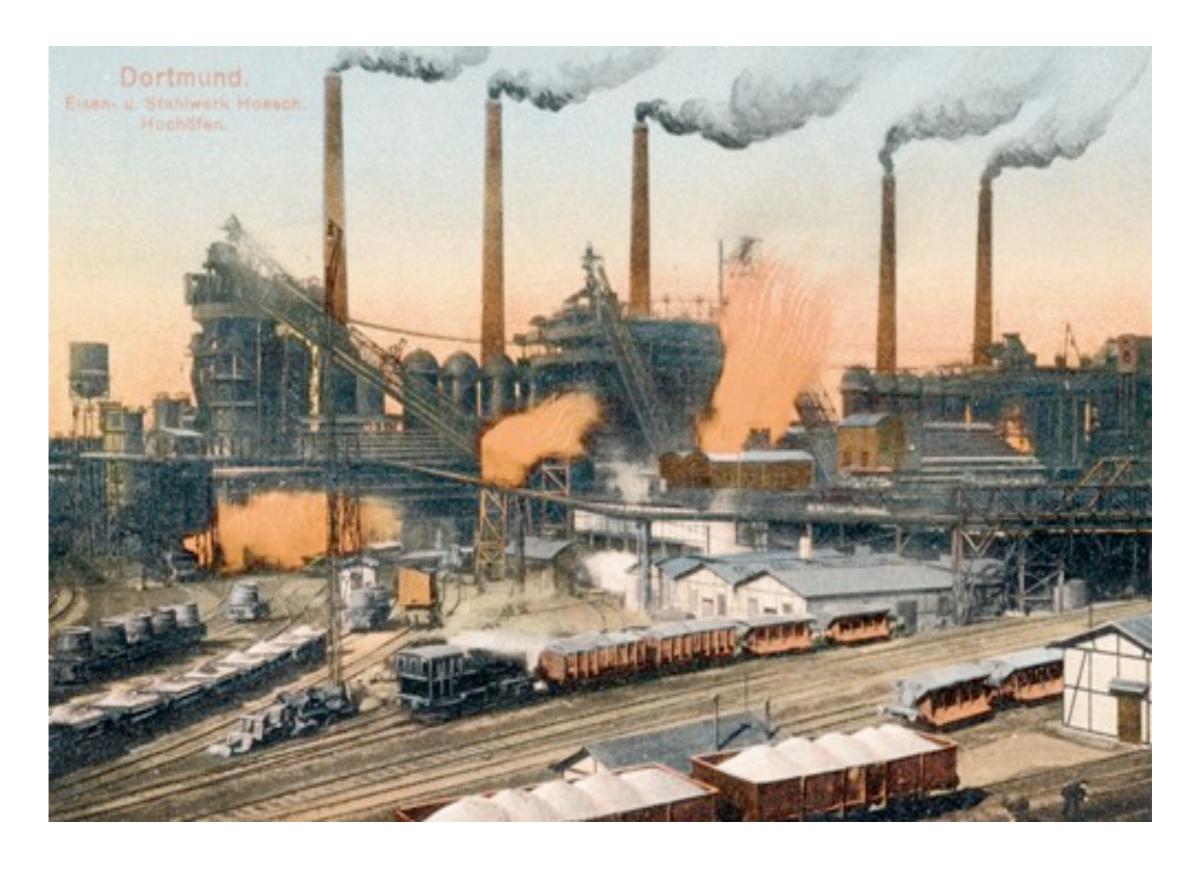
- **** Definition of sustainability**
- **# History**
- **** Design cases**
- **** Design approaches**
- **** Where do we go from here...**

Please DesignersSee this as an - obstructions

Sustainability



History



Revolution - Cradle to Grave



1987 Brundtland Rapport

Environmental problems are a reality and an increasing problem globally.

1992 Rio FN konvention

Environment and Development / Agenda 21. 178 governments acknowledge their responsibility to find sustainable ways for future development globally, nationally and locally.



1997 Kyoto Protokol
37 industrialized nations have committed themselves to reducing the amount of greenhouse gas emissions.



2010 COP 16

Climate Change Conference with approx. 190 countries The goal is to stabilize the amount of greenhouse gases in atmosfærden at a level so that it prevents dangerous anthropogenic climate change. (Reduction of CO2)



2012 COP +20

Climate Change Conference yet another meeting with no real goals achieved.

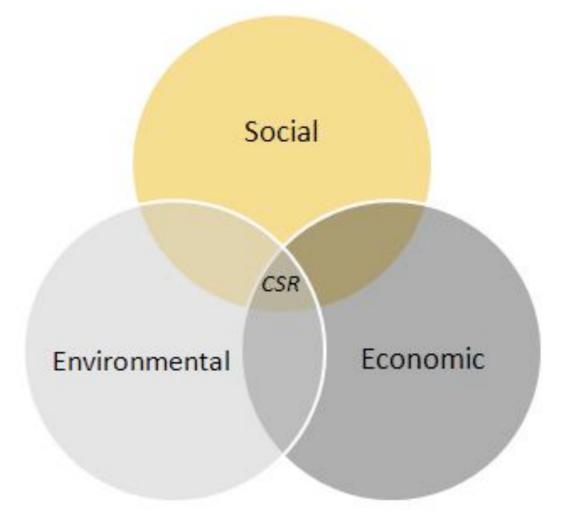


PPP

People
Profit
Planet
+
Purpose ...

Fig 1. Corporate Social Responsibility Dimensions

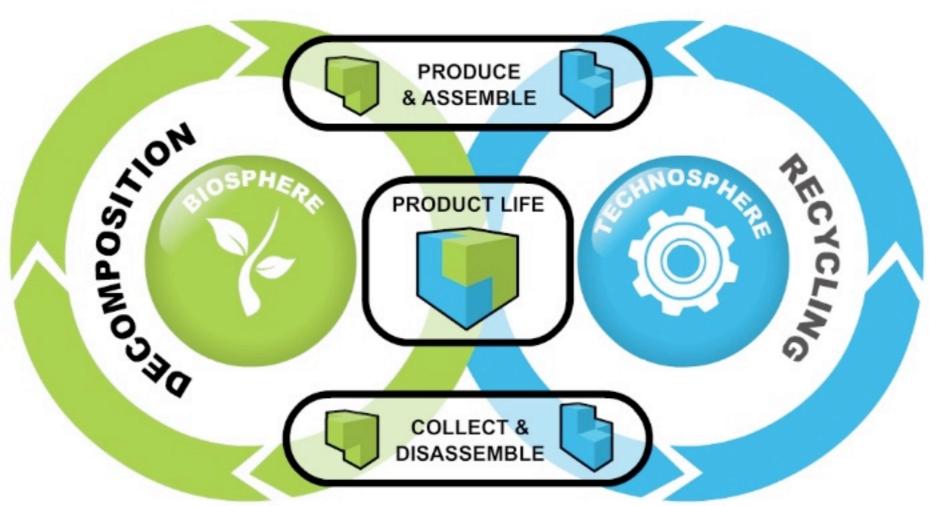
Three dimensions of sustainable business



"Triple Bottom Line" performance [economic, environmental, social]

No More Waste Cradle to Cradle







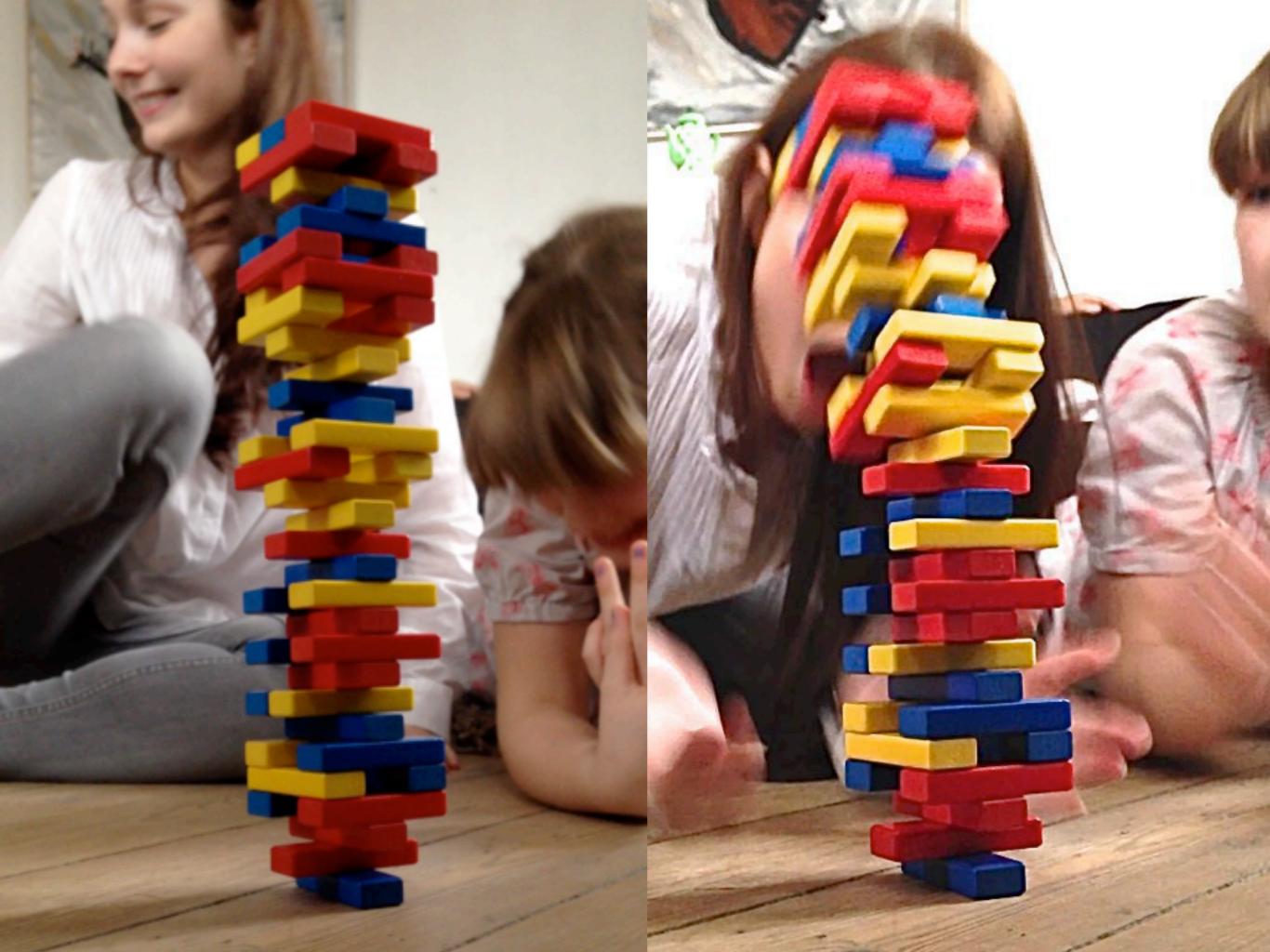






Decentralized Uncontrolled Development





DesignCases





UP CYCLE



Mira Chair

Herman Miller

The chair can be separated in all its components in five minutes.

44 % is recycled material.

99 % can be included as 'nutrients' in the construction of new chairs or other products.





NO BODY CHAIR

Nobody Chair is made of synthetic felt, more specifically polyester. This kind of felt composed of fiber strands made of plastic granules

No wash Top

- Printed prevents dirt from attaching to.
- The color is camouflage.

Design Solution: Fletcher.



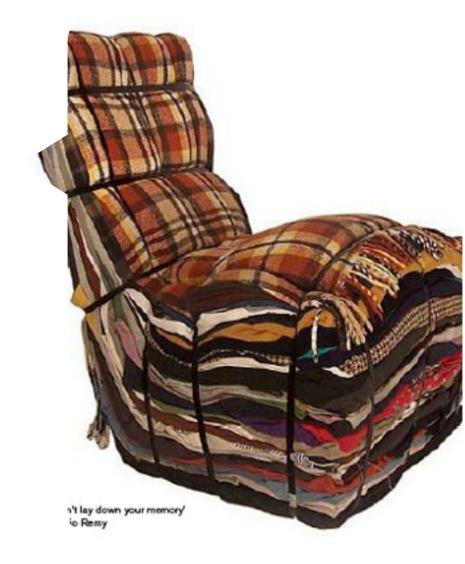




REDUCE REUSE RECYCLE









Every year, 1.8 million people as a result of diarrheal diseases. 90% less than 5 years.

Peepoo is made of biodegradable plastics (PLA)





Huge amounts of residual yarn from cones disposed of in industrial production. Here the yarn is used to knit underwear.

MUJI







For one material, few seams No streaking, lightweight Reduction of excess material



What to do ...

We have to get

- Sustainability INTO the product development

APPROCHES:

- **** Materials**
- **** Production**
- **₩ Use**
- **** Recycling**





Comparison of subsystems.

Materials, transportation,
maintenance, cut waste, color and
finishing etc.



What problem are we solving ... - protection from the rain.

Comparison of subsystems. Materials related, like transportation, maintenance, cut waste, color and finishing etc.



Basic properties of textile materials.
++ = very good | + = good | 0 = average | - = bad | -- = very bad | * = bleached

	Comparison af multiple problem-solving										Resistance o moths	
bomuld cotton												
hør flax	++	U			-		•	U	-		++	
uld wool	-		++	++	0		:	3.0	-	0	-	
silke silk	+	0	+	++	0	þ	0		-	0		
viscose viscose	0					_	_	+				
acetat acetete						produktion + +			brug	bortsk	bortskaffelse	
polyamid polyammide	++	+		beklæd arbej	dning jdstøj				+++	+		
polyester polyester	++	ŀ	husholdnings tekstiler			+			+++	+		
akryl acrylic	0	•		møbeltek gulvtæ		+++			+	++		
polypropylen polypropylene	++	++	-	-	1-		+	-	0	++	++	
polyvinylchlorid PVC	+	+	-	-	+	140	0	-	+	++	++	

Method Cards

 to understand and see possibilities and to develop Sustainable Design Solutions.































































































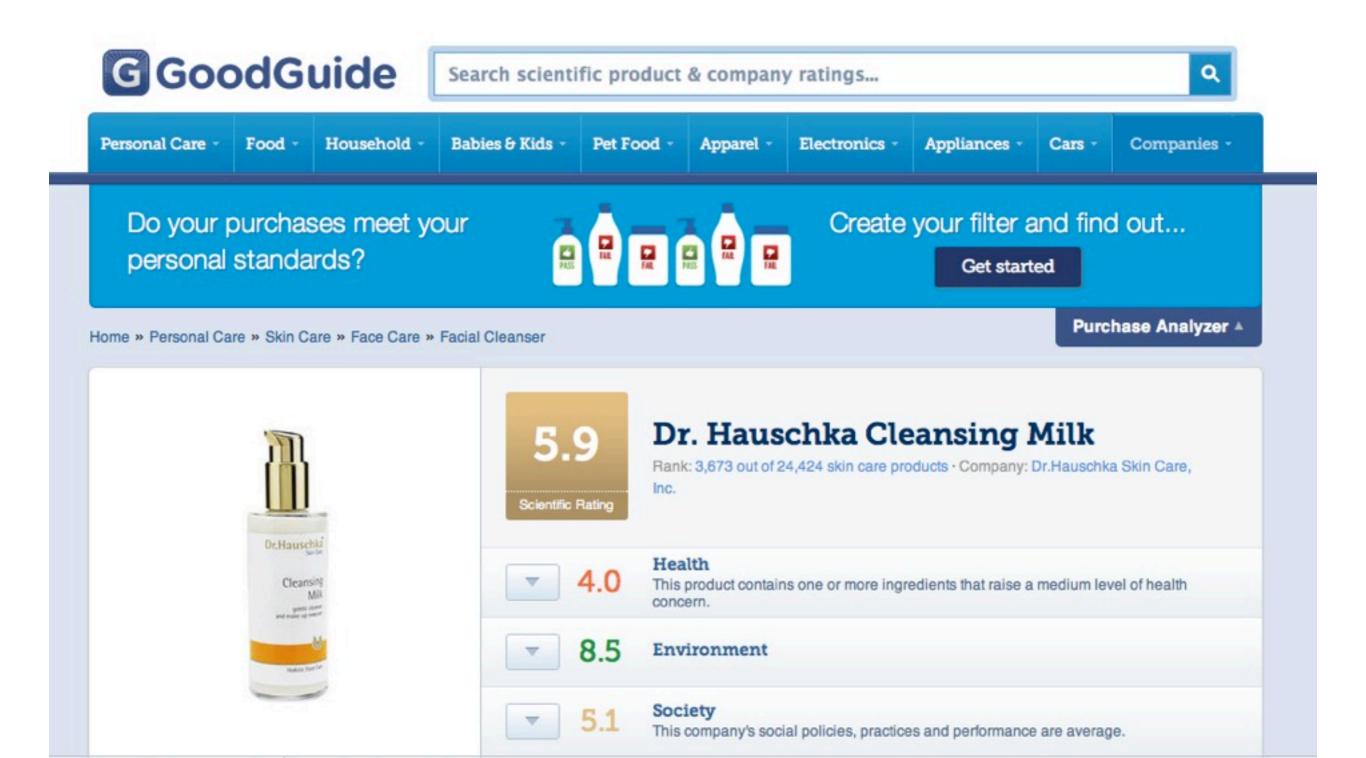








Help consumer to evaluative! Please...

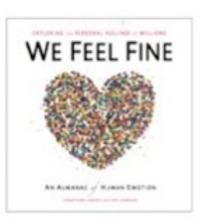


Where do we go now ...

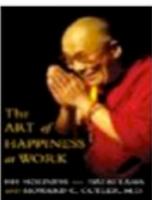
QUALITY OF LIFE







Mindfulness



Hunting



Enoughism



The **Big Society**



Empathic Leadership

TREND ATLAS 2020+

Spiritual **Emotionel** Social Scientific

Decoding socioeconomic and cultural drivers of society enable us to discover key challenges and opportunities

LINEAR ECONOMY



TECHNICAL & BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS MIXED UP

ENERGY FROM FINITE SOURCES

AFTER IN PUBLISHMENT SHOWN SHALMSHIP



CIRCULAR ECONOMY



ENERGY FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES

PRÍNCIPLES OF A CIRCULAR ECONOMY

WASTE = POOD
DÍVERIĞIY = STRENOTH
ENERGY -> RENEWABLES
PRÎCE = REAL COST

MOLOGICAL MATERIAL SAPELY ENGICES HATURAL SYSTEMS....



TECHNICAL MATERIALS DO NOT COMPOST, THE PRODUCTS ARE NADE TO BE MADE AGAIN...

